

This document provides a comprehensive guide on the specification of windows and the mitigation of window glare in Ireland. It covers the key factors influencing window glare, practical strategies for reducing glare, and the relevant building codes and regulations that must be considered. By the end of this guide, you'll have a thorough understanding of the best practices for window design and selection to ensure optimal performance and visual comfort in Irish buildings.

Factors Influencing Window Glare

Window glare is a common issue in Irish buildings, as the country's variable climate and high-latitude location can create challenging lighting conditions. Key factors that contribute to window glare include:

- Orientation and placement of windows
- Size and shape of windows
- Glass type and coating
- Surrounding building elements and landscaping
- Seasonal and daily changes in sunlight intensity

Understanding how these factors interact is essential for designing effective glare mitigation strategies tailored to the specific needs of each project.

Strategies for Mitigating Window Glare

There are several proven strategies for mitigating window glare in Irish buildings, which can be employed individually or in combination:

Architectural Design

Thoughtful window placement, sizing, and shaping can help control the amount of direct sunlight entering a space. Employing deep window recesses, overhangs, and angled facades can reduce glare while maintaining visual connection to the outdoors.

Glazing Selection

Choosing the right glass type, such as low-e coatings or tinted glass, can significantly reduce glare and solar heat gain. Dynamic glass solutions that automatically adjust tint levels can also be considered.

Interior Shading

Incorporating adjustable window blinds, curtains, or screens allows occupants to control the amount of daylight and glare in a space. These solutions offer flexibility and customization for individual needs.



Relevant Building Codes and Regulations in Ireland

When specifying windows and designing for glare mitigation, it's essential to comply with the relevant building codes and regulations in Ireland. Key guidelines include:

Building Regulation Part L	Energy efficiency requirements, including glazing U-values and solar heat gain coefficients
IS EN 17037:2018	Daylight in buildings standard, providing recommendations for daylight levels and glare control
CIBSE Lighting Guide LG10	Recommendations for interior lighting design and glare control

Compliance with these regulations ensures that window specifications not only mitigate glare but also contribute to the overall energy efficiency and sustainability of the building.

Conclusion and Key Takeaways

In conclusion, the specification of windows in Ireland requires a comprehensive understanding of the factors influencing glare and the strategies available for its mitigation. By considering the impact of window design, glazing selection, and interior shading solutions, along with the relevant building codes and regulations, architects and designers can create spaces that are visually comfortable, energy-efficient, and in compliance with industry standards.